

PAY ALL CLERKS FOR TIME LOST

Government Employees
Kept From Work by
Quarantine.

Committee on Judiciary
to Report Damages
Bill This Session.

Two bills intended to improve the financial condition of Government clerks and other employees of the United States were introduced today before the House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service by Representative Bennett of New York.

Mr. Bennett first spoke in advocacy of his measure to pay the regular salaries or wages to all Government clerks and employees in the executive departments, the Government Printing Office, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the navy yards and arsenals for the time they are kept from work by injuries or quarantine.

When Mr. Foster of Vermont pointed out that the Committee on Judiciary will in all probability report for passage this session a bill to pay damages to all Government employees injured in the line of duty, and that it would be superfluous to have two bills of the same sort, Mr. Bennett said he would modify his bill to provide for the payment of the regular salaries or wages to those employees kept from work by quarantine precautions.

"Only Fair Thing to Do," he told the committee. "A man is confined to his home because the home is quarantined. This quarantine is for the protection of the public, not the man. It is manifestly, therefore, the only just thing to let his pay continue and not charge the enforced absence against him."

Several members of the committee expressed themselves as being in favor of this proposition.

In the course of the hearing Mr. Foster of Vermont, said: "It is a gross injustice that Government employees should not be given the right to secure damages for injuries received in the line of duty. Workers in private concerns get damages, often on the voluntary action of the employers. Surely, the employees of the Government should enjoy a similar privilege. I am convinced that this legislation is coming in the near future, but it will come from the Committee on Judiciary in the bill providing for the pay of damages to those injured in the line of duty."

Will Advocate Retirement Bill.

Payment of damages having been eliminated from the measure before the committee, Dr. William J. Manning, in charge of the emergency room at the Government Printing Office, spoke in behalf of the continuance of salaries to those kept at home as a result of quarantine measures, irrespective of whether or not they may have sick leave available.

"Loss of salary," declared the doctor, "is a great hardship as a result of persons being quarantined. I have seen many instances of it, and I know what I am talking about."

The committee took the matter under advisement. Before the hearing ended, Mr. Bennett said he would advocate the passage of his bill for the payment of the salaries of Government clerks on 40 percent of their salaries, but he realized that the committee had studied the subject deeply, and had considered another plan.

"UNCLE JOE" SIDESTEPS
AN ISSUE ON LIQUOR

Speaker Cannon refused to go on record yesterday afternoon as favoring the passage of the Littlefield bill, restricting interstate traffic in intoxicating liquors. The question was put up to him by a committee from the Methodist Episcopal Church, now assembled in conference in Baltimore, Md.

At the head of the committee were Governor Hanly, of Indiana, and Governor Hoek, of Kansas. In spite of insistent questioning by the members of the committee, all that could be gotten from the speaker was that he would try to urge the House to pass the bill, but that he was sure Congress would do its duty, according to its oath, in a just and righteous manner.

COL. H. M. ADAMS RETIRES
WITH RANK OF BRIGADIER

Col. Henry M. Adams, Corps of Engineers, has by direction of the President been placed upon the retired list with the rank of brigadier general. General Adams yesterday reached the age limit for active service, and his advanced rank is due to his civil war service.

CONFERENCE DELEGATES
PREACH HERE TOMORROW

Two prominent ministers, delegates to the general conference of the Methodist Church now in session in Baltimore, will preach in Hamilton Church, Ninth and P streets northwest, tomorrow.

The Rev. Edwin J. Lockwood, D. D., pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, will preach at 11 a. m., and the Rev. William A. Quayle, D. D., pastor of St. James' Church in Chicago, will preach at 8 p. m.

Dr. Quayle is a well-known orator and lecturer. The public is invited to the services.

Dr. Lockwood will also speak at the Epworth League service at 7 o'clock.

OPEN TONIGHT
Lucios' New Collar Supports
Wear back of the collar, holds up the collar, at the same time acts to pin the shirt waist together at the back. Special to introduce them. Six patterns that will go on sale today and Monday, regular 50c values, 25c.
LUCIOS' HIGH ART JEWELRY 1307 F St.

Mothers-in-Law the Winners Over "Mothers' Day" Scheme

Plan to Wear White Flowers May 10 Meets
Opposition in Senate—Day for Cousins
Might Be a "Go."

For nearly an hour today the Senate wrangled over Senator Burkett's resolution recognizing Sunday, May 10, as "Mothers' Day," and recommending that it be observed by each Senator and employee of the Senate wearing a white flower. In the end the resolution was referred on motion of Senator Fulton to the Judiciary Committee.

This action is regarded as practically killing the resolution. No sooner had the resolution been read than Senator Keane of New Jersey moved and substituted for the language of the resolution an amendment, which read:

"Honor thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long in the land the Lord, thy God, giveth thee."

Senator Platt moved an amendment for the annual observance of the second Sunday in May as Mothers' Day. Senator Burkett explained that he had introduced the resolution at the request of the Y. M. C. A. workers. He explained that the Y. M. C. A. was patronized by boys and young men away from home, and it was felt that the observance of the organization that it would be a benefit to them to set apart one day when the boys would be led to think of their homes and their mothers.

He said he had not expected any objection to the resolution.

Senator Fulton of Oregon offered a motion to refer the resolution to the Judiciary Committee, and said that he was opposed to it.

"I am opposed to the resolution," he said, "unless it shall receive more consideration through a committee. We cannot have the mothers of the land, but it is not necessary in order to show our appreciation that we set aside any particular day."

Mothers Belittled.
"Some thoughts are so sacred that they are belittled by movements of this character. If we are going to take up a matter of this sort, why stop at the mothers and not honor the fathers."

"We should also set apart a grand-fathers' day. Perhaps also we ought to set apart a day for our cousins, our aunts, and our uncles. I see no reason for this invidious distinction. Everyone will agree we should have a mother-in-laws' day, so I think that we should refer the whole matter to the committee in order that they may give the matter consideration in proportion to the vast importance of the subject."

Senator Gallinger opposed the resolution and said he had heard nothing of the Y. M. C. A. movement alluded to by Senator Burkett.

"I am in pretty close touch," said he, "with the Y. M. C. A., especially in a financial way. I don't need to wear a white flower in order to remember my mother. I would feel that it was almost a reproach to connect a law that would put a burden upon me which

CHICAGO, May 9.—With the advance guard of the Socialists arriving by every train to attend the national convention of the party, a closing session of which will be held tomorrow, it is generally admitted that the conservative wing of the organization is to be in control.

There are to be no real contests. In fact, the indications today are that the program as prepared by the leaders will be carried out without a hitch. No fights are contemplated on the floor. Considerable talk is being heard, however, and the so-called "barbaric socialists," included among whom are Robert Hunter, J. G. Phelps-Stokes, and the latter's wife, Rose Pastor Stokes, will be treated with the utmost consideration.

The national committee of the party opened headquarters at the Revere House today, and at once started making up the temporary roll of the convention. This is likely to be a hard task, as up to the present no notice of contest has been filed.

There is little talk of the ticket that is to be named. There is the same old sentiment for Eugene V. Debs, the veteran standard-bearer. If he will consent to run he will have the more again. But he is understood to prefer some other candidate.

Outside of the perfecting of the temporary organization and the naming of the usual committees, there will be no business transacted until Monday. The present intention is to complete all work, so that nominations can be made Tuesday, when the convention will adjourn.

Gen. Adams was born in Massachusetts May 8, 1844. He was appointed to the Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., July 1, 1862, and upon his graduation four years later was assigned to the Engineer Corps as a second lieutenant, he having stood near the head of his class.

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would seem to indicate that my mother's memory could only be kept green by some awkward demonstration."

Senator Teller of Colorado endorsed the views of Senator Gallinger, and closed by characterizing it as puerile. Senator Bacon of Georgia spoke in behalf of the resolution, and said he could well understand how the young men away from home at the Y. M. C. A. institution would be benefited by the observance of the day. Senator Beveridge also spoke for the resolution and opposed referring it to a committee, asking the Senate why if it was desired to kill the resolution, it should not be killed directly.

Says It Is Inappropriate.

Senator Heyburn of Idaho declared the resolution inappropriate and not a proper subject to consider.

A vote was taken on motion of Senator Fulton's motion to refer the resolution to the Judiciary Committee, and it was carried by 23 to 14, a division being demanded by Senator Burkett.

After the vote had been taken, Senator Teller of Colorado arose, looked at the clock, and said the Senate had met at 11 o'clock to take up important business and nearly an hour had been wasted in consideration of the resolution that should never have been brought up.

This led Senator Burkett to make a vigorous reply in which he declared the Senate might much better spend a few minutes in considering the subject of mothers' day than to spend day after day as it had been doing in wrangling over a feature of the agricultural bill that was of little consequence to the country at large.

"I have no apology to offer the Senate for bringing this matter up. I think the Senators will see the time when they will regret this action. I have seen this Senate spend hours of time and large sums of money to build monuments to individuals. I believe we could well afford to have joined the Y. M. C. A. in this movement to set apart one day of the year in honor of our mothers. It wasn't asking very much."

Matter of Sentiment.

"It was simply a matter of sentiment. I cannot sit here and have the Senator from Colorado refer to this matter as puerile. We have spent days listening to the Senator from Colorado trying to rip up a particular policy of the Administration and in an effort that he knew was hopeless."

"We could well afford to devote the time we did to consider the subject covered by my resolution. It is a sad reflection that only fourteen members of the United States Senate were willing to unite with the Y. M. C. A. in trying to recall the minds of the boys of this country to their mothers."

Senator Burkett offered a motion to have the Judiciary Committee report immediately, but this was killed on motion of Senator Teller.

BERLIN, May 9.—Despite the reported serious illness of Prince Philip zu Eulenburg, who was brought here yesterday under arrest on a charge of perjury growing out of his denial of accusations made against him during the trial of Editor Maximilian Harden, public opinion here is strongly against him. The statements that he may die under a cloud, before he is brought to trial, have failed to arouse any sympathy in his behalf.

The fact that \$125,000 bail for his release was refused shows the seriousness of the case which his alleged offense is regarded by the court.

The arrest and incarceration of the prince in a prison hospital here have awakened all the interests aroused in the noted case when Harden was placed on trial. It is freely said all the same and the rumor of hearing will be raked over, and predictions that still more persons may be drawn into the case have stirred up the greatest excitement.

Just now interest centers about the report that Prince zu Eulenburg possesses more than one hundred letters written by Kaiser Wilhelm, containing unrestrained opinions of many leading persons. Many of these letters were published by Kaiser Wilhelm, containing unrestrained opinions of many leading persons. Many of these letters were published by Kaiser Wilhelm, containing unrestrained opinions of many leading persons.

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ALEXANDRIA. FURNITURE REMOVED FROM ALL SCHOOLS

Special Watchman Will Be
Stationed in Peabody
Building.

WASHINGTON TIMES BUREAU
ALEXANDRIA, VA., MAY 9.

The work of removing the desks from the rear of the Peabody School building, to the third floor of that building was begun this morning. The two classes located in the rear of the Peabody building will be removed to the third floor, and a watchman will be placed in the hall during school hours. The rear part of the school building will be fitted up for the office of the Southern Railway Company.

Samuel DeVaughan has been awarded the contract by Morrill, Doniphan & Co., to change the rear of the building into offices.

The work of raising the sunken steamboat Trenton is progressing slowly today. There are only a few men at work, and the means employed, a windlass, is being used to draw the boat up from the vessel by Diver Weller. Nothing has been seen of the remains of little Stanley Posey, who was drowned from his mother's arms, and swept from the boat sunk last Sunday morning. The search for his remains has been stopped.

In the corporation court, Judge Aiken, of Danville presiding, last evening, the jury in the case of R. M. Cheshire vs. the Washington-Southern Railway Company returned a verdict for the plaintiff, and awarded damages in the sum of \$1,000. The attorneys for the railroad company noted an appeal.

A reception was last evening tendered the Rev. W. M. Poisl, pastor of Bethany Methodist Protestant Church, by the congregation of that church, at Lee Camp Hall, in Prince street. James R. Caldwell, of the church, welcomed Mrs. Poisl was presented with a handsome bouquet of carnations. Among those who took part in the program were Miss Beside Marks, Miss Miss Caroline West, Miss Louise Beamer, and J. Fred Birrell.

Robert Evans was before Justice Catton, in the police court, this morning, on the charge of assaulting Fire Chief Petty. Chief Petty testified that Evans came to him several times during the progress of the Burroughs fire, last Wednesday night, and wanted him to get men to move a boat which was near the conflagration. The chief told him to get men to move the boat, as he had all he could do to get men to move the fire hose. Evans then, so the chief alleges, struck him. Police Justice Catton imposed a fine of \$10 upon Evans.

The Westminster League of the Second Presbyterian Church held its service at that church last evening. The following took part in the program: Mrs. Field, Miss Joseline Bingham, Miss Graves, Mr. Godfrey, Miss Jack, Mrs. Field, and Messrs. Mecklen, Slaymaker, and Kennedy.

A meeting for men will be held at the Young People's building, in South Washington street, tomorrow evening, when the Rev. Dr. W. W. Davis, of Mountain Lake Park, will deliver an address on "The Possibilities of the New Life." Miss Vierkorn will sing a solo.

CARDINAL VIEWS POLICE
AT THE ANNUAL PARADE

NEW YORK, May 9.—Five thousand members of the New York police force marched in review before Cardinal Logue, primate of Ireland, and Archbishop Farley, who accompanied Mayor McClellan and Commissioner Bingham as chief guests on the reviewing stand, in Madison square, for the annual parade of the police.

Many city officials and about 1,500 invited guests were on the reviewing stand. The exercises were brief, consisting mainly of the presentation of medals to the honor men. The battalion of recruits, led by Lieutenant Keller, gave an exhibition riot drill.

FUNERAL FOR MRS. BRATTON.
Funeral services for Mrs. Caroline Bratton, who died yesterday morning at the home of her brother, Herman Kirsch, 18 L street northwest, will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the latter's home. Mrs. Bratton was well known in Washington and Arlington as a Congress Heights, where she formerly lived.

A good deal will depend on the developments regarding emergency currency legislation, and on the report made Monday night by the special committee of the Republican conference of the House. It has become plain that it will be impossible to get an agreement on anti-injunction legislation, and the only measures favored by the President are those on child labor in the District and possibly on campaign publicity. In addition, there is the fear for the investigation of tariff schedules and an emergency currency bill.

THIEVES ENTER HOSPITAL
AND GET AWAY WITH \$2,000

LONDON, May 9.—Burglars broke into the Fever Hospital, Sea Grave road, Fulham, and made away with valuables estimated to be worth \$2,000. The money had been drawn out of the bank to pay wages of employees. In order to reach the office where the money was kept, it was necessary for the thieves to pass through several wards where there were patients. No one saw them, but marks evidenced where they forced entrance to the building.

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Defiance of the President Draws Answer From Foraker

Ohio Senator Will Bring Up Brownsville Bill Monday, Despite the Alleged Belligerent Letters From Mr. Roosevelt.

An echo of the controversy that the President has stirred up by writing the Senators about the Brownsville case and the case of Colonel Stewart was heard in the Senate today, when Senator Foraker gave notice that on Monday he would call up his bill for the reinstatement of the colored troops of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, and would seek to have it made the unfinished business.

In case he succeeds in doing this, it will display the Elihu's resolution relative to the commodities clause of the Hepburn law as the unfinished business. It will mean an early vote on the Brownsville matter. Senator Foraker's notice today is generally looked upon as an answer to the defiance of the President, as expressed in the letters to Senators.

Senators Are Angry.

Speculation was rife at the Capitol today as to whether the Senate would take official recognition of the defiance breathed in the letters sent by President Roosevelt to Senators William Alden Smith of Michigan, John W. Stewart of Vermont, and Isidor Rayner of Maryland.

The expressed determination of the President to override all opposition to his attitude in the Brownsville affair, and the persistent banishment of Col. William F. Stewart, was looked upon today as a deliberate affront of the Senators who have presumed to question his rights as commander-in-chief of the army.

The President's friends in the Senate are endeavoring to prevent the reading of the letters in the chamber, fearing that the existing breach would be widened by the debate which would inevitably follow. Because of the intense feeling caused by the President's action in sending the letters, there is a feeling that restraint would be thrown aside and remarks made which would prove embarrassing in the campaign.

In his letters to the Senators, the President defends his course in the Brownsville matter and not only declares that he will veto the Foraker bill for restoration of the discharged soldiers of the Twenty-fifth Regiment, if it is passed, but asserts that he will ignore Congress if the measure is passed over his veto. In regard to Colonel

Stewart, who has been banished to a remote, unguarded post in Arizona, the President declares he is under no legal obligation to grant him a court of inquiry.

Beyond All Bounds.
Defiant as the President has been of Congress on repeated occasions, in these letters he has gone beyond the bounds of anything he has yet written, so far as has been made public, in virtually voicing his contempt for legislative proceedings on army matters. It has long been well known that he intended to veto the Foraker bill if passed, but his method of communicating this fact to the Senate is what has startled and angered Senators.

The effect of the letters and of disclosure of their existence is greatly to be complicated by the fact that Congress with reference to the Brownsville case, Republican politicians fear the difficulties for their party in the campaign will be greatly enhanced because of the President's announced determination to do as he pleases with the colored discharged soldiers or Colonel Stewart. It is quoted the law, and said that as he understood it, he was under no obligation to give the discharged soldiers or Colonel Stewart a court of inquiry. In several paragraphs the President discussed the Colonel Stewart case and the faults that have led to his punishment.

The fact that the President appended the letters to Senator Rayner and to Senator Smith to the one to Senator Stewart led to the impression that Mr. Roosevelt was willing to have them invest the letters to a number of his colleagues. Senators have so far refused to give the letters out for publication.

EVANS ENDS CAREER
IN NAVY TONIGHT

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—When the flag of the commander-in-chief is run down from the battleship Connecticut as the sun sinks in the Pacific this evening, the long and glorious career of the late Admiral Robley D. Evans will come to an end.

The veteran performed his last service today, when, in spite of his illness and infirmity, he went to the ship to be present, with Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, at the joint review of the Atlantic and Pacific fleets.

Rear Admiral Thomas will become commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet Sunday morning, and at that time command will pass to Admiral Charles S. Sperry, now in command of the fourth division. Evans will be present at the review of the fleet on the day after tomorrow, and will bring them into Hampton Roads on Washington's birthday next year, where they will be received by President Roosevelt.

Where Do You Want
to Go This Summer?

This is the season of the year to be planning your summer trip—to be studying the attractions of various sections, so that when the time comes you will know what place will suit you best.

Perhaps you are thinking of the Adirondacks—perhaps Colorado—or Atlantic City—or the Eastern Shore of Maryland—or the Central Pennsylvania District, or some other of a hundred tempting sections.

Whatever your fancy is, let The Times Resort Information Bureau provide you the information at its disposal. We can furnish you with all the information you need in order to decide where you want to go, ABSOLUTELY FREE.

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Tennis.....

Fishing.....

Boating.....

Automobiling.....

Accommodations and rates for servants.....

Bathing.....

Driving.....

Average temperature.....

Churches.....

Washington references.....

Remarks.....

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DOUBT IF BRENT WILL COME HERE

Bishop of Philippines Has
Not Yet Made Decision.

Rejection of Call Will Necessitate Another Election.

Bishop Brent may not come to Washington as the bishop of the Washington diocese, to succeed the late Bishop Henry Y. Satterlee.

In an answering cablegram to that sent him, telling him of his election to the bishopric of Washington on Wednesday, the Rev. Dr. Brent says that he is in doubt as to the advisability of leaving his present post in the Orient, and accepting the one at the Capital.

The work he has done in the Philippine Islands has been far-reaching, and he has often stated in letters to his friends here that there is still much that he wishes to do among the natives. His cablegram follows:

"Maria, May 8, 1908. Washington, D. C.: 'Your great call under consideration. My duty not yet clear. As God bids I will do.'"

May Reject Offer.
Since the election of the Rev. Dr. Brent to this high position there have been many rumors about regarding the improbability of his accepting the post. Some of his closest friends it is said that the bishop-elect of the Washington diocese has intimated that his duty lies with the people now under his direct charge.

In speaking of this phase of the subject this morning, one of the members of the committee appointed to notify him of his election, and a man prominent in local and political circles, said: "Of the great work that Bishop Brent has done in the Philippines there is no question of a doubt. Of the work that still is to be done in that part of the world, there also is no doubt. Much good can be accomplished for the Episcopal Church and Christianity by a strong man in the Orient, but it is the consensus of opinion among Episcopalians all over the country that the work to be done here is even a larger and far more important task. To my mind and to the minds of the majority of those who attended the convention, Bishop Brent is the man, the only man, to do the best work as Bishop of the Diocese of Washington."

Would Ballot Again.
It is understood that there is no regulation regarding a limit of time given Bishop Brent to consider the acceptance or non-acceptance of his election. Should he finally decide not to come to Washington, a session will be called immediately upon receipt of such news, and another election will be held.

CHICAGO TUNNEL TIED UP;
TRAINMEN GO ON STRIKE

CHICAGO, May 8.—Few trains are running in the Chicago tunnel today. The trainmen and switchmen who were called out on strike at 6 o'clock declare they will not give the company any relief until their demands are complied with.

Discrimination against union men is said to be the immediate cause of the strike.

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